

**St Chad's Academies Trust discretionary policies under the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations and other related Regulations**

**Summary**

1. This report makes recommendations for **St Chad's Academies Trust** policies on discretions to be exercised:
  - i) under the LGPS Regulations 2013 from 1 April 2014 in respect of members of the Career Average Revalued Earnings (CARE) scheme,
  - ii) under earlier LGPS Regulations in respect of former employees who were members of the LGPS and who left prior to 1 April 2014,
  - iii) under the Local Government (Early Termination of Employment) (Discretionary Compensation) (England and Wales) Regulations 2006 and earlier compensation regulations, and
  - iv) under the Local Government (Discretionary Payments) (Injury Allowances) Regulations 2011

**Background**

2. In March 2011, the Independent Public Service Pensions Commission, chaired by Lord Hutton, published its final report of the review of public service pensions. The report made clear that change was needed to "make public service pension schemes simpler and more transparent, [and] fairer to those on low and moderate earnings".
3. As a result, it was decided that the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) should be reformed so that, from 1 April 2014, benefits accrue on a Career Average Revalued Earnings (CARE) basis rather than on a final salary basis.
4. The provisions of the CARE scheme, together with the protections for members' accrued pre 1 April 2014 final salary pension rights, are contained in the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013 and the Local Government Pension Scheme (Transitional Provisions, Savings and Amendment) Regulations 2014.
5. As a result of the changes, **St Chad's Academies Trust** is legally required to formulate, publish and send to the LGPS pension fund administering authority a written Statement of Policy on certain discretions under the LGPS which **St Chad's Academies Trust** has the power to exercise on and from 1 April 2014 in relation to members of the CARE scheme.
6. **St Chad's Academies Trust** is also legally required to (or where there is no requirement, is recommended to) formulate, publish and keep under review a Statement of Policy on certain other discretions it may exercise:
  - i) under earlier LGPS Regulations in respect of former employees who were members of the LGPS and who left prior to 1 April 2014, and

- ii) under the Local Government (Early Termination of Employment) (Discretionary Compensation) (England and Wales) Regulations 2006 and earlier compensation regulations in relation to employees who are, or are eligible to be, members of the LGPS, and
  - iii) under the Local Government (Discretionary Payments) (Injury Allowances) Regulations 2011.
7. Any amended policy under paragraph 6(i) above must be published and sent to the LGPS pension fund administering authority within one month of the date the revisions to the policy were made.
8. Any amended policy under the paragraph 6(ii) above must be published and, in respect of any changes relating to awards under the Local Government (Early Termination of Employment) (Discretionary Compensation) (England and Wales) Regulations 2000, the change must be published within one month of the decision to amend the policy. (Build back in should we have a policy)
9. Any amended policy under the paragraph 6(iii) above must be published.
10. Overall, **St Chad's Academies Trust** is:
  - i) required to formulate, publish and keep under review a written Statement of Policy on certain discretions in accordance with:
    - regulation 60 of the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013,
    - paragraph 2(2) of Schedule 2 to the Local Government Pension Scheme (Transitional Provisions, Savings and Amendment) Regulations 2014,
    - regulation 66 of the Local Government Pension Scheme (Administration) Regulations 2008 (in respect of former employees who were members of the LGPS and who left between 1 April 2008 and 31 March 2014),
  - ii) required to formulate, publish and keep under review a written Statement of Policy on certain discretions in accordance with regulation 7 of the Local Government (Early Termination of Employment) (Discretionary Compensation) (England and Wales) Regulations 2006, which were operative from 1 October 2006.
  - iii) required to formulate, publish and keep under review a written Statement of Policy on certain discretions relating to injury allowances under the Local Government (Discretionary Payments) (Injury Allowances) Regulations 2011.
11. In formulating and reviewing its policies under the LGPS Regulations referred to in paragraphs 14(i) above **St Chad's Academies Trust** is required to have regard to the extent to which the exercise of its discretionary powers might lead to a serious loss of confidence in the public service.
12. In formulating and reviewing its policies under the Local Government (Early Termination of Employment) (Discretionary Compensation) (England and Wales) Regulations 2000 and 2006 referred to in paragraphs 10(ii) above **St Chad's Academies Trust**:

- i) is required to have regard to the extent to which the exercise of its discretionary powers (in accordance with the policy), unless properly limited, could lead to a serious loss of confidence in the public service, and
- ii) must be satisfied that the policy is workable, affordable and reasonable having regard to the foreseeable costs.

13. In formulating and reviewing its policies under the Local Government (Discretionary Payments) (Injury Allowances) Regulations 2011 referred to in paragraphs 10(iii) above **St Chad's Academies Trust**:

- i) is required to have regard to the extent to which the exercise of its discretionary powers (in accordance with the policy), unless properly limited, could lead to a serious loss of confidence in the public service, and
- ii) must be satisfied that the policy is workable, affordable and reasonable having regard to the foreseeable costs.

### Decisions required

14. **St Chad's Academies Trust Board** is asked:

- i) to approve the policies on the discretions to be exercised under the LGPS Regulations in respect of those employees who are active scheme members after 31 March 2014 and members and who cease active membership after 31 March 2014, as set out in the table at Annex 1, and
- ii) to approve the policies on the discretions to be exercised under the LGPS Regulations in respect of former employees who were scheme members and who left prior to 1 April 2014 as set out in the table at Annex 2, and
- iii) to approve the policies on the discretions to be exercised under the Discretionary Compensation Regulations, as set out in the table at Annex 3.
- iv) to approve the policies on the discretions to be exercised under the Injury Allowances Regulations, as set out in the table at Annex 4.

### Consultation

15. **St Chad's Academies Trust** is not required to consult with NEU (NUT & ATL), NASUWT, GMB, NAHT, Unison, Unite plus any other recognised Union when **St Chad's Academies Trust** intends to adopt new, or change existing, discretionary policies. However, it was considered appropriate to give advance notification to all academy

employees via publication of the draft document and that this report would be considered by **St Chad's Academies Trust Board**.

## Effective date of policies

16. The policies on discretions to be exercised under the LGPS Regulations 2013 take immediate effect from the date **St Chad's Academies Trust** agrees the policies. Any change to the policies on existing discretions to be exercised under the LGPS Regulations in respect of former employees who were members of the scheme and who left pre 1 April 2014 take immediate effect from the date **St Chad's Academies Trust** agrees the policies.
17. Any change to the discretions exercised under the Discretionary Compensation Regulations cannot take effect until one month after the date **St Chad's Academies Trust** publishes a statement of its amended policy.
18. Any change to the discretions exercised under the Injury Allowances Regulations cannot take effect until one month after the date **St Chad's Academies Trust** publishes a statement of its amended policy.

## Non-fettering of discretions

23. The recommendations contained within this report, if approved, will form **St Chad's Academies Trust** policies on pension and compensation discretions. It should be noted that:
  - the policies will confer no contractual rights
  - subject to paragraphs 16 to 18, **St Chad's Academies Trust** will retain the right to change the policies at any time without prior notice or consultation. **St Chad's Academies Trust** will endeavour to discuss changes with NEU (NUT & ATL), NASUWT, GMB, NAHT, Unison, Unite plus any other recognised Union, and
  - only the policy which is current at the time a relevant event occurs to an employee / scheme member will be the one applied to that employee / member.

**Contact Officer:** Name: Zoe Heath  
Tel: 01543 622433  
E-mail: [zoe.heath@lichfield.anglican.org](mailto:zoe.heath@lichfield.anglican.org)

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<b>Annex 1</b> <b>Table A: Discretions to be exercised on and after 1 April 2014 under the LGPS Regulations 2013 in relation to active scheme and members who cease active membership after 31 March 2014</b>	<b>St Chad's Academies Trust policy</b>
<p>1. Whether, at full cost to <b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b>, to grant extra annual pension of up to £7,026 (figure at 1 April 2019<sup>1</sup>) to an active scheme member or, within 6 months of leaving, to a member who is dismissed by reason of redundancy or business efficiency or whose employment is terminated by mutual consent on the grounds of business efficiency.</p> <p>Notes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- The maximum amount of £7,026 (figure at 1 April 2019) includes any amount of additional pension already granted by the employer under regulation 13 of the LGPS (Benefits, Membership and Contributions) Regulations 2007.</li> <li>- The extra annual pension would form part of the Scheme member's main LGPS pension and so the member could, upon drawing pension benefits, commute up to 25% of the capital value of their LGPS pension benefits for a lump sum at the rate of £12 lump sum for each £1 of pension given up.</li> <li>- Any extra annual pension granted by the employer would be subject to an actuarial reduction where, other than in a case of ill health retirement or retirement on redundancy or business efficiency grounds, that extra annual pension is drawn before the member's Normal Pension Age.</li> <li>- Employers can, however, grant extra annual pension if the employer makes an award under regulation 5 of the Local Government (Early Termination of Employment) (Discretionary Compensation) (England and Wales) Regulations 2006 i.e. bases a redundancy payment on an employee's actual weeks' pay where this exceeds the statutory weeks' pay limit (see entry 1 in Table E below). The difference between the statutory redundancy payment and the redundancy payment based on the employee's actual week's pay is, in this paper, termed the discretionary redundancy payment.</li> </ul>	<p><b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> will not make use of the discretion to grant extra annual pension of up to £7,026 (figure at 1 April 2019) to an active scheme member or, within 6 months of leaving, to a member who is dismissed by reason of redundancy or business efficiency or whose employment is terminated by mutual consent on the grounds of business efficiency except in exceptional circumstances where <b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> considers it is in its financial or operational interests to do so. Each case will be considered on the merits of the financial and / or operational business case put forward.</p>

<sup>1</sup> The figure of £6,500 that applied at April 2014 is increased each April (starting April 2015) under the Pension (Increase) Act 1971 (as if it were a pension with a PI date of 1 April 2013).



- An alternative approach that employers who wish to award extra annual pension could consider (for members whose employment is being terminated on the grounds of redundancy or business efficiency) is what might be termed 'extra annual pension by conversion'. In effect, the employer would have a policy that would permit the employer to:
  - award a lump sum compensation payment (of up to 104 weeks' pay) under regulation 6 of the Local Government (Early Termination of Employment) (Discretionary Compensation) (England and Wales) Regulations 2006, inclusive (in redundancy cases) of any statutory redundancy payment and any increase in the redundancy payment made under regulation 5 of those Regulations (where an employee's actual weeks' pay exceeds the statutory weeks' pay limit) – (see entries 1 and 2 in Table E below)
- The facility for employers to grant extra 'augmented' membership of the Pension Scheme ceased after 31 March 2014. Employers who, prior to 1 April 2014, had a policy to allow 'extra membership by conversion' to members being made redundant or being retired on business efficiency grounds i.e. granting the member extra membership equivalent to any lump sum termination payment (in excess of the statutory redundancy payment or in excess of the redundancy payment based on an actual week's pay where this exceeds the statutory weeks' pay limit) the employer would otherwise have awarded under the Local Government (Early Termination of Employment) (Discretionary Compensation) (England and Wales) Regulations 2006 are no longer be able to do so for retirements on or after 1 April 2014. Instead, the employer could grant the member extra annual pension actuarially equivalent to the value of any lump sum termination payment (in excess of the redundancy payment) the employer would otherwise have awarded under the Local Government (Early Termination of Employment) (Discretionary Compensation) (England and Wales) Regulations 2006 i.e. 'extra annual pension by conversion'.
- An issue that potentially arises in granting extra annual pension is that, in some cases, it can result in the value of the scheme member's benefits being increased by

<p>more than the permitted standard Annual Allowance of, currently, £40,000 (2015/16). Any increase in value above that figure could result in a tax charge for the individual. Any additional pension granted will also count towards the capitalised value of a person's pension benefits which have to be assessed against the member's Lifetime Allowance (LTA) under the tax regime governing pension schemes. Each time a person retires and draws benefits from a pension scheme they use up a part of their LTA. If, on retirement under the LGPS, the capitalised value of their total LGPS benefits is more than the person's remaining LTA, they will have to pay tax on the excess (at the rate of 25% if the excess is paid in the form of pension and 55% if paid in the form of a lump sum). For more information see <a href="http://www.hmrc.gov.uk/manuals/rpsmmanual/RPSM06105000.htm">http://www.hmrc.gov.uk/manuals/rpsmmanual/RPSM06105000.htm</a> and <a href="http://www.hmrc.gov.uk/manuals/rpsmmanual/RPSM11100000.htm">http://www.hmrc.gov.uk/manuals/rpsmmanual/RPSM11100000.htm</a></p>	
<p>2. Whether, where an active scheme member wishes to purchase extra annual pension of up to £7,026 (figure at 1 April 2019<sup>2</sup>) by making Additional Pension Contributions (APCs), <b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> will voluntarily contribute towards the cost of purchasing that extra pension via a Shared Cost Additional Pension Contribution (SCAPC).</p> <p>Notes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- This discretion does not relate to cases where a member has a period of authorised unpaid leave of absence and elects within 30 days of return to work to pay a SCAPC to cover the amount of pension 'lost' during that period of absence. That is because, in those cases, the employer <b>must</b> contribute 2/3rds of the cost to a SCAPC. There may be some cases, even if it is not the employer's general policy to voluntarily contribute to a SCAPC, where an employer might wish to do so</li> <li>- It should also be noted that the amount of extra annual pension purchased (or being purchased) by the employer under a Shared Cost Additional Pension Contributions (SCAPC) arrangement (including a SCAPC arrangement where an employer is contributing 2/3rds of the cost of purchasing pension 'lost' during a</li> </ul>	<p><b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> will only voluntarily contribute towards the cost of purchasing extra pension via a Shared Cost Additional Pension Contribution (SCAPC) in two situations. Firstly, where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- an active scheme member returns from a period of authorised leave of absence, and</li> <li>- the member does not, within 30</li> </ul>

<sup>2</sup> The figure of £6,500 that applied at April 2014 is increased each April (starting April 2015) under the Pension (Increase) Act 1971 (as if it were a pension with a PI date of 1 April 2013).

- period of absence) reduces the amount of extra annual pension the employer could award under entry 1 above.
- The maximum amount of £7,026 (figure at 1 April 2019) includes any amount of additional pension purchased, or being purchased, by the member under regulation 14 of the LGPS (Benefits, Membership and Contributions) Regulations 2007.

- days of returning from the leave of absence, make an election to buy-back the amount of pension 'lost' during that period of leave of absence, and
- the member subsequently makes an election to do so whilst an active member and it can be demonstrated that the reason for the member missing the original 30 day deadline was because the member had not been made aware of that deadline, and
  - the election is made no more than 3 months after the member returns from the period of leave of absence or such longer period as **St Chad's**





**Academies Trust** may deem reasonable in any individual case.

A decision on whether the member meets the above criteria (and on whether the 3 month period referred to should be extended in any individual case) will be taken by **St Chad's Academies Trust Board** and, where it is agreed that the conditions are met, **St Chad's Academies Trust** will be required to contribute 2/3rds of the cost of buying back the 'lost' pension via a SCAPC.

Secondly, in exceptional circumstances

	<p>where <b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> considers it is in its financial or operational interests to do so. Each case to contribute to a SCAPC (and a decision on the amount to be contributed) will be considered on the merits of the financial and / or operational business case put forward.</p> <p>-</p>
<p>3. Whether to permit flexible retirement for staff aged 55<sup>3</sup> or over who, with the agreement of <b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b>, reduce their working hours or grade and, if so, as part of the agreement:</p> <p>whether, in addition to the benefits the member has accrued prior to 1 April 2008 (which the member must draw if flexible retirement is agreed), to permit the member to choose to draw</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all, part or none of the pension benefits they accrued after 31 March 2008 and before 1 April 2014, and / or</li> <li>• all, part or none of the pension benefits they accrued after 31 March 2014, and</li> </ul> <p>- whether to waive, in whole or in part , any actuarial reduction which would otherwise be applied to the benefits taken on flexible retirement before Normal Pension Age (NPA) <sup>4</sup>.</p>	<p><u>Flexible retirement</u></p> <p><b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> will not agree to flexible retirement except in circumstances where <b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> considers it is in its financial or operational interests to do so. Each case - will be considered on the merits of the financial and / or operational</p>

<sup>3</sup> Age 50 for those LGPS members transferred from the Learning and Skills Council to whom regulation 16A of the LGPS (Benefits, Membership and Contributions) Regulations 2007 applies. Such members only need the employer's permission to reduce their working hours or grade but, if that permission is given, do not require their employer's permission to draw their benefits (as such members have the automatic right to take the benefits by virtue of regulation 18A of the LGPS (Benefits, Membership and Contributions) Regulations 2007 and regulation 24 of the LGPS (Transitional Provisions, Savings and Amendment) Regulations 2014).

<sup>4</sup> NPA means the employee's individual State Pension Age at the time the employment is terminated, but with a minimum of age 65 (although, the NPA for membership accrued prior to 1 April 2014 is still linked to age 65, apart from those LGPS members transferred from the Learning and Skills Council to whom regulation 16A of the LGPS (Benefits, Membership and Contributions) Regulations 2007 applies for whom the NPA for membership accrued prior to 1 April 2014 is, by virtue of that regulation and regulation 24 of the LGPS (Transitional Provisions, Savings and Amendment) Regulations 2014, still linked to age 60, and those LGPS members who are employees of the Meat Hygiene Service in the London Pension Fund Authority fund who are covered by regulation 144B of the LGPS Regulations 1997 for whom the NPA for membership

- Where flexible retirement is agreed for an employee aged 55 or over but under Normal Pension Age the cost of waiving any actuarial reduction, in whole or in part, would have to be met by, and paid to the Pension Fund by, the employer.
- Overall, the benefits of flexible retirement include:
  - it assists in reducing capacity if required, and helps avoid redundancies (and associated costs)
  - it can be a useful tool to support change management
  - it helps achieve and retain a balanced age profile within the workforce
  - it aids retention of required skills / knowledge / experience and enables transfer of skills / knowledge in the period leading up to an employee's full retirement
  - it offers a potentially acceptable solution to staff who may currently be a 'blockage' to promotion or re-organisation
  - it helps to alleviate 'burn out' and 'stress', improves morale, and assists in achieving Work-Life balance
  - it may assist a return to work after a medical related absence where ill health retirement is not appropriate
  - it assists employees to ease into retirement, making a gradual adjustment to full retirement.


business case put forward,

- will set out whether, in addition to any pre 1 April 2008 benefits, the member will be permitted, as part of the flexible retirement agreement, to take a) all, some or none of their 1 April 2008 to 31 March 2014 benefits, and /or b) all, some or none of their post 31 March 2014 benefits, and
- will require the approval of **St Chad's Academies Trust Board**.

Waiver of any actuarial reduction on flexible retirement

Where flexible retirement is agreed, the benefits payable will be subject to any actuarial reduction applicable under the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations and the Local Government Pension Scheme (Transitional

accrued prior to 1 April 2014 is, by virtue of that regulation and regulation 24 of the LGPS (Transitional Provisions, Savings and Amendment) Regulations 2014, still linked to age 60). State Pension Age is currently age 65 for men. State Pension Age for women is currently being increased to be equalised with that for men and will reach 65 by November 2018. The State Pension Age will then increase to 66 for both men and women from December 2018 to October 2020. Under current legislation the State Pension Age is due to rise to 67 between 2026 and 2028 and to 68 between 2044 and 2046. However, the government has announced plans to link rises in the State Pension Age above age 67 to increases in life expectancy.

	<p>Provisions, Savings and Amendment) Regulations 2014. <b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> will only waive any such reduction, in whole or in part, where it considers it is in its financial or operational interests to do so. Each case will be considered on the merits of the financial and / or operational business case put forward and will require the approval of <b>St Chad's Academies Trust Board</b> including, where the reduction is only to be waived in part, approval for the amount of reduction to be waived.</p>
<p>4. whether, as the 85 year rule does not (other than on flexible retirement – see 3 above) <u>automatically</u> apply to members who would otherwise be subject to it and who choose to voluntarily draw their benefits on or after age 55 and before age 60, to apply the 85 year rule<sup>5</sup> to such voluntary retirements.</p> <p>Notes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- If the member has met the 85 year rule or would have met it before age 60, there would be no strain on Fund cost charged to the employer <u>unless</u> the employer has agreed to apply the 85 year rule in the case in question. Instead, the cost would be met by an actuarial reduction to the scheme member's benefits<sup>6</sup>.</li> </ul>	<p><b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> will not agree to apply the 85 year rule where members choose to voluntarily draw their benefits on or after age 55 and before age 60 except in circumstances where <b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> considers it is in its financial or</p>

<sup>5</sup> The 85 year rule does not apply to former members of the Metropolitan Civil Staffs Superannuation Scheme, or Meat Hygiene Service members, or civil servants transferred to the Environment Agency who by virtue of regulation 24 of the LGPS (Transitional Provisions, Savings and Amendment) Regulations 2014 are subject to, respectively, regulation 144A of, and Schedule 7 to, the LGPS Regulations 1997, regulation 144B of the LGPS Regulations 1997 and regulation 15 of the LGPS (Transitional Provisions) Regulations 2008.

<sup>6</sup> There is no actuarial reduction on pre 1 April 2014 membership in the case of a former member of the Metropolitan Civil Staffs Superannuation Scheme who is aged 55 or over and has 25 years membership and who is covered by regulation 144A of, and Schedule 7 to, the LGPS Regulations 1997.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- If the employer does agree to apply the 85 year rule, the employer will have to meet the cost of any strain on fund resulting from the payment of benefits before age 60 i.e. where the member has already met the 85 year rule, or would meet it before age 60.</li> <li>- The 85 year rule is satisfied if the person was a member of the LGPS on 30 September 2006 and the member's age at the date they draw their benefits and their scheme membership (each in whole years) add up to 85 or more. If they are part-time, their membership counts towards the 85 year rule at its full calendar length.</li> </ul>	<p>operational interests to do so. Each case</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- will be considered on the merits of the financial and / or operational business case put forward, and</li> <li>- will require the approval of <b>St Chad's Academies Trust Board</b>.</li> </ul>
<p>5. For:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i) active members voluntarily retiring on or after age 55<sup>7</sup> and before Normal Pension Age who elect under regulation 30(5) of the LGPS Regulations 2013 to immediately draw benefits, and</li> <li>ii) deferred members and suspended Tier 3 ill health pensioners who elect under regulation 30(5) of the LGPS Regulations 2013 to draw benefits (other than on ill health grounds) on or after age 55<sup>8</sup> and before Normal Pension Age</li> </ul> <p>who:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <u>were</u><sup>n</sup>t members of the LGPS before 1 October 2006 [Group 4 members], whether to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>o waive on compassionate grounds, any actuarial reduction that would otherwise be applied to benefits, if any, accrued before 1 April <u>2014</u>, and / or</li> <li>o waive, in whole or in part (on any grounds), any actuarial reduction that would otherwise be applied to benefits accrued after 31 March <u>2014</u></li> </ul> </li> <li>- <u>were</u> members of the LGPS before 1 October 2006 and <u>will</u> be 60 or more on 31 March 2016 [Group 1 members], whether to:</li> </ul>	<p>Where members choose to voluntarily draw their benefits on or</p> <p>after age 55 and before Normal Pension Age <b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> will not agree to waive in whole or in part any actuarial reduction that would otherwise be applied to their benefits except in circumstances where <b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> considers it is in its financial or operational interests</p>

<sup>7</sup> Age 50, by virtue of regulation 24 of the LGPS (Transitional Provisions, Savings and Amendment) Regulations 2014, for those LGPS members transferred from the Learning and Skills Council to whom regulation 16A of the LGPS (Benefits, Membership and Contributions) Regulations 2007 applies and those civil servants transferred to the Environment Agency to whom regulation 15 of the LGPS (Transitional Provisions) Regulations 2008 applies.

<sup>8</sup> Age 50, by virtue of regulation 24 of the LGPS (Transitional Provisions, Savings and Amendment) Regulations 2014, for those LGPS members transferred from the Learning and Skills Council to whom regulation 16A of the LGPS (Benefits, Membership and Contributions) Regulations 2007 applies and who are electing for early payment of a deferred benefit (but not if they are electing for early payment of a suspended Tier 3 ill health pension) and those civil servants transferred to the Environment Agency to whom regulation 15 of the LGPS (Transitional Provisions) Regulations 2008 applies and who are electing for early payment of a deferred benefit or early payment of a suspended Tier 3 ill health pension.



<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ waive on compassionate grounds, any actuarial reduction that would otherwise be applied to benefits accrued before 1 April <u>2016</u>, and / or</li> <li>○ waive, in whole or in part (on any grounds), any actuarial reduction that would otherwise be applied to benefits accrued after 31 March <u>2016</u></li> </ul> <p>- <u>were</u> members of the LGPS before 1 October 2006 and will <u>not</u> be 60 or more on 31 March 2016 and will <u>not</u> attain age 60 between 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2020 [Group 3 members], whether to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ waive on compassionate grounds, any actuarial reduction that would otherwise be applied to benefits accrued before 1 April <u>2014</u>, and / or</li> <li>○ waive, in whole or in part (on any grounds), any actuarial reduction that would otherwise be applied to benefits accrued after 31 March <u>2014</u></li> </ul> <p>- <u>were</u> members of the LGPS before 1 October 2006 and will <u>not</u> be 60 or more on 31 March 2016 but <u>will</u> attain age 60 between 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2020 [Group 2 members], whether to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ waive on compassionate grounds, any actuarial reduction that would otherwise be applied to benefits accrued before 1 April <u>2020</u>, and / or</li> <li>○ waive, in whole or in part (on any grounds), any actuarial reduction that would otherwise be applied to benefits accrued after 31 March <u>2020</u></li> </ul> <p>Note:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- If the employer does agree to waive any actuarial reduction, the employer will have to meet the cost of the strain on fund resulting from that waiver.</li> </ul>	<p>to do so or there are compelling compassionate<sup>9</sup> reasons for doing so.</p> <p>Each case:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- will be considered on the merits of the financial and / or operational business case put forward, or</li> <li>- will be considered on the merits of the compassionate case put forward, and</li> <li>- will require the approval of <b>St Chad's Academies Trust Board</b> including, where the reduction is only to be waved in part, approval for the amount of reduction to be waived</li> </ul>
<p>6. Whether, how much, and in what circumstances to contribute to a shared-cost Additional Voluntary Contribution (SCAVC) arrangement</p>	

<sup>9</sup> There is no definition in the Regulations of "compassionate grounds". However, one could take the view that, for example, releasing benefits because the member is short of funds / out of work would not be appropriate (as the pension scheme is not a social security scheme); whereas, for example, releasing benefits because the member has had to give up work to look after orphaned grandchildren would clearly be a case where an employer might wish to exercise compassion.



entered into on or after 1 April 2014 and whether, how much, and in what circumstances to continue to contribute to any shared cost Additional Voluntary Contribution (SCAVC) arrangement entered into before 1 April 2014.

**St Chad's Academies Trust** will not enter into a shared cost AVC arrangement other than:

- a) in exceptional circumstances in which case the decision to contribute, and the amount of the contribution, will be subject to the approval of **St Chad's Academies Trust Board**, or
- b) where the scheme member enters into a SCAVC salary sacrifice arrangement


7. Whether to extend the 12 month time limit within which a scheme member who has a deferred LGPS benefit in England or Wales following the cessation of an employment (or cessation of a concurrent employment) after 31 March 2014 may elect not to have the deferred benefits aggregated with their new LGPS employment (or ongoing concurrent LGPS employment) if the member has not made an election to retain separate benefits within 12 months of commencing membership of the LGPS in the new employment (or within 12 months of ceasing the concurrent membership).

**St Chad's Academies Trust** will only extend the 12 month time limit within which a scheme member who has a deferred LGPS benefit in England or Wales following the cessation of an employment (or cessation of a concurrent employment) after



31 March 2014 may elect not to have the deferred benefits aggregated with their new LGPS employment (or ongoing concurrent LGPS employment):

- a) where **St Chad's Academies Trust** agrees that the available evidence indicates the member had not been informed of the 12 month time limit due to maladministration;
- b) where **St Chad's Academies Trust** agrees that the available evidence indicates the member had made an election within 12 months of joining the LGPS but the election was not received by the Pension Fund administrator

	<p>g authority (e.g. the election form was lost in the post); or</p> <p>c) where the member has pre 1 April 2014 membership and <b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> agrees the available evidence indicates that, due to maladministration, the member had not been informed of the implications of having benefits aggregated and would, in consequence, suffer a detriment to their pension benefits (for example, where member's whole-time equivalent pensionable pay on commencing with <b>St</b></p>
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	<p><b>Chad's Academies Trust</b> is, in real terms after allowing for inflation, significantly less than the whole-time equivalent pensionable pay upon which the deferred benefits were calculated).</p>
<p>8. Whether, with the agreement of the Pension Fund administering authority, to permit a Scheme member to elect to transfer other pension rights into the LGPS if he / she has not made such an election within 12 months of joining the LGPS.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Unlike under the 2008 Scheme, where the discretion to allow a late election rested solely with the employer, under the 2014 Scheme both the employer and the Pension Fund administering authority have to agree to the acceptance of a late election. If one agrees, and the other does not, the late election cannot be accepted.</li> <li>- Even if an election is made within 12 months of joining the LGPS, the Pension Fund administering authority can decide not to accept a transfer of pension rights into the LGPS (other than where the transfer is being made under the public service pension scheme Club rules).</li> </ul>	<p><b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> will only extend the 12 month time limit within which a scheme member must make an election to transfer other pension rights into the LGPS after joining the LGPS:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- where the member asked for transfer investigation s to be commenced within 12 months of joining the LGPS but a quotation of what the transfer value will</li> </ul>



purchase in the LGPS has not been provided to the member within 11 months of joining the LGPS. The time limit for such a member to make a formal election to transfer pension rights into the LGPS will be extended to one month beyond the date of the letter issued by the Pension Fund administering authority notifying the Scheme member of the benefits the transfer will buy in the LGPS;

- where the available evidence indicates the member made an election within 12 months of joining the

	<p>LGPS, but the election was not received by the Pension Fund administering authority (e.g. the election form was lost in the post);</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- where the available evidence indicates the member had not been informed of the 12 month time limit due to maladministration.</li> </ul>
<p>9. How the pension contribution band/rate to which an employee is to be allocated will be determined on joining the Scheme and at each subsequent April, and the circumstances in which the employer will, in addition to the review each April, review the pension contribution band/rate to which an employee has been allocated consequent upon a material change which affects the member's pensionable pay in the course of a Scheme year (1 April to 31 March).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- If an employee holds more than one employment and these are treated as separate jobs, each job (and the pensionable pay from that job) is assessed separately when determining the contribution band/rate for each job (so an employee may be paying different contribution rates in each job, depending on the pay levels in those jobs).</li> <li>- Any reductions in pensionable pay due to sickness, child related leave, reserve forces service leave or other absence from work are to be disregarded when assessing / reviewing the appropriate band / contribution rate.</li> <li>- As from 1 April 2014, part-time members' contribution rates are assessed on actual pensionable pay rather than full-time equivalent rates of pay.</li> </ul>	<p><b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> will;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) allocating a member to a contribution rate on 1 April 2014</li> <li>b) reallocating a member to a new contribution rate during a Scheme year (1 April to 31 March) following a material change which affects the</li> </ul>



<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- The move to using actual pensionable pay in the assessment of the contribution band/rate within which an employee falls will necessitate employers making an assumption as to what pensionable pay a person will probably receive in the Scheme year.</li> </ul> <p>This can be done in a number of ways. For example:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the annual rate of contractual pay</li> <li>• the weekly contractual rate multiplied by 52.143 (or whatever multiplier an employer deems appropriate)</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Each employer should assess the appropriate contribution band/rate in a reasonable and consistent manner.</li> </ul>	<p>member's pensionable pay, this will usually occur during October to take into consideration potential pay awards</p>
<p>10. Whether or not, when calculating assumed pensionable pay when a member (other than a returning officer<sup>10</sup>) is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- on reduced contractual pay or no pay on due to sickness or injury, or</li> <li>- absent during ordinary maternity, paternity or adoption leave or paid shared parental leave, or during paid additional maternity or adoption leave (other than any part of that leave where the pensionable pay received is greater than the assumed pensionable pay for that part of the leave period), or</li> <li>- absent on reserve forces service leave, or</li> <li>- retires with a Tier 1 or Tier 2 ill health pension, or</li> <li>- dies in service</li> </ul> <p>to include in the calculation the amount of any 'regular lump sum payment' received by the member in the 12 months preceding the date the absence began or the ill health retirement or death occurred.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- A 'regular lump sum payment' is a payment for which the employer determines there is a reasonable expectation that such a payment would be paid on a regular basis</li> </ul>	<p>In assessing Assumed Pensionable Pay (APP) <b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> will not, other than in exceptional circumstances, include in the calculation any 'regular lump sum payments' in which case the decision to include the 'regular lump sum payment' will be subject to the approval of <b>St Chad's Academies Trust Board</b>.</p>

<sup>10</sup> i.e. a returning officer or acting returning officer at local government elections, or elections for the National Assembly of Wales, or Parliamentary elections or European Parliamentary elections.

## Annex 2

Table B: Discretions to be exercised on and after 1 April 2014 under the LGPS Regulations in relation to scheme members who ceased active membership between 1 April 2008 and 31 March 2014	St Chad's Academies Trust policy
<p>1. Whether, on compassionate grounds<sup>11</sup>, to waive any actuarial reduction that would normally be applied to deferred benefits which are paid before age 65<sup>12</sup>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- If the employer does agree to waive any actuarial reduction, the employer will have to meet the cost of the strain on fund resulting from that waiver.</li> </ul>	<p><b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> will consider an application to waive, on compassionate grounds, any actuarial reduction that would normally be applied to deferred benefits which are paid before age 65. Each case will be considered on its merits and will be subject to the approval of <b>St Chad's Academies Trust Board</b>.</p>
<p>2. Whether, on compassionate grounds<sup>13</sup>, to waive any actuarial reduction that would normally be applied to any suspended Tier 3 ill health pension benefits which are brought back into payment before age 65<sup>14</sup>.</p>	<p><b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> will consider an application to waive, on compassionate grounds, any actuarial reduction that would normally be applied to a suspended Tier 3 ill health pension which is brought back into</p>

<sup>11</sup> There is no definition in the Regulations of "compassionate grounds". However, one could take the view that, for example, waiving a reduction because the member is short of funds / out of work would not be appropriate (as the pension scheme is not a social security scheme); whereas, for example, releasing benefits because the member has had to give up work to look after orphaned grandchildren would clearly be a case where an employer might wish to exercise compassion.

<sup>12</sup> Age 60 in the case of members transferred from the Learning and Skills Council to whom regulation 16A of the LGPS (Benefits, Membership and Contributions) Regulations 2007 applies, and for employees of the Meat Hygiene Service in the London Pension Fund Authority fund who are covered by regulation 144B of the LGPS Regulations 1997, and for former members of the Metropolitan Civil Staffs Superannuation Scheme and who are covered by regulation 144A of, and Schedule 7 to, the LGPS Regulations 1997, and for former NHS Scheme members who are covered by regulation 23 of the LGPS (Transitional Provisions) Regulations 1997.

<sup>13</sup> There is no definition in the Regulations of "compassionate grounds". However, one could take the view that, for example, waiving a reduction because the member is short of funds / out of work would not be appropriate (as the pension scheme is not a social security scheme); whereas, for example, releasing benefits because the member has had to give up work to look after orphaned grandchildren would clearly be a case where an employer might wish to exercise compassion.

<sup>14</sup> Age 60 in the case of members transferred from the Learning and Skills Council to whom regulation 16A of the LGPS (Benefits, Membership and Contributions) Regulations 2007 applies, and for employees of the Meat Hygiene Service in the London Pension Fund Authority fund who are covered by regulation 144B of the LGPS Regulations 1997, and for former members of the Metropolitan Civil Staffs Superannuation Scheme and who are covered by regulation 144A of, and Schedule 7 to, the LGPS Regulations 1997, and for former NHS Scheme members who are covered by regulation 23 of the LGPS (Transitional Provisions) Regulations 1997.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- If the employer does agree to waive any actuarial reduction, the employer will have to meet the cost of the strain on fund resulting from that waiver.</li> </ul>	<p>payment before age 65. Each case will be considered on its merits and will be subject to the approval of <b>St Chad's Academies Trust Board</b>.</p>
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## Annex 3

Table E: Discretions to be exercised under the Local Government (Early Termination of Employment) (Discretionary Compensation) (England and Wales) Regulations 2006	St Chad's Academies Trust policy
<p>1. Whether to base a redundancy payment on an employee's actual weeks' pay where this exceeds the statutory week's pay limit of, currently, £475 per week (as at 6 April 2015).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Lump sum severance / compensation payments are subject to the normal rules in relation to the taxation of severance payments. The current rules (at 1 February 2015) are that the first £30,000 of severance pay is tax-free. Generally speaking, payments counting towards the £30,000 limit would include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the statutory redundancy payment and any increase in the redundancy payment where the redundancy payment is based on the employee's actual pay, rather than being limited to the statutory weeks' pay limit,</li> <li>• pay in lieu of notice (PILON) - but in some circumstances PILON can be fully taxable (e.g. where it is contractual, or has become an implied contractual term through custom and practice), and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>Any redundancy payment will normally be calculated on an employee's actual week's pay but may, in exceptional circumstances, be limited to the statutory weeks' pay limit where pay exceeds that limit.</p> <p>Continuous local government service, as defined under the Redundancy Payments (Continuity of Employment in Local Government, etc) (Modification) Order 1999, will be taken into account in the calculation of redundancy payments.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a lump sum compensation payment which is being paid under the 104 weeks' pay provision (see entry 2 below),</li> </ul>	
<p>1. Whether to make a termination payment (inclusive of any redundancy payment) of up to a maximum of 104 weeks' pay to employees whose employment is terminated on the grounds of redundancy or efficiency of the service.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Lump sum severance / compensation payments are subject to the normal rules in relation to the taxation of severance payments. The current rules (at 1 February 2015) are that the first £30,000 of severance pay is tax-free. Generally speaking, payments counting towards the £30,000 limit would include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the statutory redundancy payment and any increase in the redundancy payment where the redundancy payment is based on the employee's actual pay, rather than being limited to the statutory weeks' pay limit (see entry 1 above),</li> <li>• pay in lieu of notice (PILON) - but in some circumstances PILON can be fully taxable (e.g. where it is contractual, or has become an implied contractual term through custom and practice), and</li> <li>• a lump sum compensation payment which is being paid under the 104 weeks' pay provision</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>Redundant staff will receive a termination payment (to incorporate redundancy pay) calculated using the statutory redundancy payment formula but limited to the statutory week's pay where the employee's pay exceeds the statutory weeks' pay limit, enhanced by a multiplier which will not exceed 3.466.</p> <p>A termination payment will not automatically be paid to employees whose employment is terminated on the grounds of efficiency of the service. Instead, <b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> will determine each case on its merits, taking into account business and operational factors (with the maximum severance payment being no greater than would have applied under the redundancy severance policy).</p>

**Table F: Discretions to be exercised under the Local Government (Early Termination of**

**St Chad's Academies Trust policy**

Employment) (Discretionary Compensation) (England and Wales) Regulations 2000	
<p>1. How any surviving spouse or civil partner's annual compensatory added years' pension is to be apportioned where the deceased person is survived by more than one spouse or civil partner.</p>	<p><b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> will apportion any surviving spouse or civil partner's annual compensatory added years' pension where the deceased person is survived by more than one spouse or civil partner in such proportions as, at its sole discretion, it sees fit (based on the merits of the individual cases).</p>
<p>2. Whether, if the spouse or civil partner of a person who ceased employment before 1 April 1988 remarries, enters into a civil partnership or cohabits after 1 April 1998, the normal annual compensation suspension rules will be disapplied i.e. the spouse's or civil partner's annual compensatory added years pension will continue to be paid.</p>	<p>If the spouse or civil partner of a person who ceased employment before 1 April 1998 remarries, enters into a new civil partnership or cohabits after 1 April 1998, the normal annual compensation suspension rules will be disapplied i.e. the spouse's or civil partner's annual compensatory added years pension will continue to be paid.</p>
<p>3. Whether, where the spouse or civil partner of a person who ceased employment before 1 April 1998 with an award of compensatory added years remarries or cohabits or enters into a civil partnership on or after 1 April 1998 with another person who is also entitled to a spouse's or civil partner's compensatory added years pension, the normal rule requiring one of them to forego payment whilst the period of marriage, civil partnership or co-habitation lasts, should be dis-applied i.e. whether the spouses' or civil partners' compensatory added years pension should continue to be paid to both of them.</p>	<p>If the spouse or civil partner of a person who ceased employment before 1 April 1998 with an award of compensatory added years remarries or cohabits or enters into a civil partnership on or after 1 April 1998 with another person who is also entitled to a spouse's or civil partner's compensatory added years pension, the normal rule requiring one of them to forego payment whilst the period of marriage, civil partnership or co-habitation lasts, will continue to be applied i.e. the spouses' or civil partners' compensatory added years pension will only be payable to one of them (being whichever one they choose).</p>
<p>4. How, if compensatory added years were awarded to an employee who was not in the LGPS (because the employee had not joined or had opted out of the LGPS) the employer will decide to whom any children's annual compensatory added</p>	<p>If compensatory added years were awarded to an employee who was not in the LGPS (because the employee had not joined or had opted out of the LGPS) <b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> will decide to whom and in what</p>



<p>years payments are to be paid and, in such a case, how the annual added years will be apportioned amongst the eligible children.</p>	<p>proportions any children's annual compensatory added years payments are to be paid as <b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b>, at its sole discretion, sees fit (based on the merits of the individual cases).</p>
<p>5. How a person's annual compensatory added years pension is to be abated during, and following the cessation of, any period of re-employment by an employer who offers membership of the LGPS to its employees, regardless of whether or not the employee chooses to join the LGPS (except where the employer is an Admitted Body, in which case abatement only applies if the person is in, or eligible to be in, the LGPS in the new employment).</p>	<p><b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> will, during any period of re-employment in local government (see note below), abate a person's annual compensatory added years' payment by the 'excess' if the aggregate of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the annual compensation, and</li> <li>- the annual pension from the LGPS, and</li> <li>- the annual rate of pay from the new employment</li> </ul> <p>exceeds the pay the person would have received from the employment in respect of which the compensatory added years were granted, based on the annual rate of pay at the date of ceasing the former employment as increased by the relevant cost of living increases (i.e. as increased by the rate at which an 'official pension' is increased under the Pensions (Increase) Act 1971). Index.</p> <p>Where compensatory added years were awarded on or after 21 June 2000, <b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> will reduce a person's annual compensatory added years' payment following the cessation of a period of re-employment in local government (see note below) to the extent necessary to secure that if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the period of compensatory added years granted in respect of the former employment,</li> </ul> <p>plus</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the period of membership the person has accrued in the LGPS (or would have accrued had he / she joined the scheme when first eligible to do so)</li> </ul>



	<p>during the period of re-employment in local government, counted at its part-time length, if the person was part-time,</p> <p>exceeds</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the period of membership the person would have accrued during the period from the cessation of the former employment until age 65 on the assumption that he / she had continued in that former employment to age 65 (again counted at its part-time length if the person was part-time at the date of cessation of the former employment),</li> </ul> <p>then</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the annual pension and lump sum from the first job combined with the annual pension and lump sum from the second job (based on the assumption that the employee joined the LGPS when first eligible to do so), plus the annual compensation and lump sum compensation, shall not in aggregate exceed the pension and lump sum the person would have achieved if he / she had remained in the first job through to age 65.</li> </ul> <p>Where there is an excess, the annual compensation will be reduced by the excess pension and, if the annual compensation is not reduced to nil, the amount of the remaining (reduced) basic annual compensation will then be suspended until the excess lump sum (if any) is recovered.</p> <p>In calculating whether or not, in aggregate, the annual pension and lump sum from the first job, plus the annual pension and lump sum (if any) from the second job (based on the assumption that the employee joined the LGPS at the first opportunity), plus the</p>
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annual compensation and lump sum compensation, exceeds the pension and lump sum the person would have achieved if he/she had remained in the first job through to age 65 it will be necessary to compare:

- a) the actual LGPS pre 1 April 2008 1/80th pension and 3/80ths lump sum, plus the actual LGPS post 31 March 2008 1/60th pension (ignoring any commutation for a lump sum), plus the actual 1/80th annual compensation and 3/80ths lump sum compensation, with
- b) the 1/80th LGPS pension and 3/80ths lump sum the member would have achieved in their first job to 31 March 2008, plus the 1/60th LGPS pension the member would have achieved in their first job (ignoring any potential commutation for a lump sum), if the member had stayed in the first job through to age 65.

In determining the benefits the employee could have achieved had he / she remained in the first employment through to age 65 it will be necessary to determine the pensionable pay to be used in the calculation. For this purpose, the pensionable pay figure used in the calculation of the pension benefits in the first job will be used as brought up to date by increasing it in line with the Pensions Increase (Review) Orders.

If a person has been awarded more than one previous period of compensatory added years, e.g. as a result of being made redundant more than once, the abatement / claw back provisions are modified. In such a case, the rules under the former Local Government (Discretionary Payments) Regulations 1996 will be applied where a person ceases a period of re-employment in local government and has previously been granted more than one period of compensatory added years, but using the pay in the first job as increased in line with

	<p>inflation (i.e. ignoring regulations 18(5)(a)(ii), 18(6) and 18(7) of the Local Government (Discretionary Payments) Regulations 1996.</p> <p>Where compensatory added years were awarded before 21 June 2000, <b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> will reduce a person's annual compensatory added years' payment following the cessation of a period of re-employment in local government (see note below) in accordance with the Local Government (Discretionary Payments) Regulations 1996.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> 'local government' means employment with an employer who offers membership of the LGPS to its employees, regardless of whether or not the employee chooses to join the LGPS (except where the employer is an Admitted Body). Technically, an employee of an Admitted Body (i.e. a body that has applied to the administering authority to allow its employees to join the LGPS and has entered into a formal admission agreement) is only employed in 'local government' if he / she is a member of the LGPS.</p>
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Table G: Discretions to be exercised under the Local Government (Discretionary Payments) (Injury Allowances) Regulations 2011	St Chad's Academies Trust policy
<p>1. Whether to award an injury allowance in respect of an employee who sustains an injury or contracts a disease as a result of anything he / she was required to do in performing the duties of their job and in consequence of which he / she:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- suffers a reduction remuneration, or</li> <li>- ceases to be employed as a result of an incapacity which is likely to be</li> </ul>	<p><b>St Chad's Academies Trust</b> will not, other than in exceptional circumstances, make an award of an injury allowance in respect of an employee who sustains an injury or contracts a disease as a result of anything he / she was required to do in performing the duties of their job and in consequence of which he / she:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- suffers a reduction remuneration, or</li> </ul>

<p>permanent and which was caused by the injury or disease, or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- dies leaving a surviving spouse, civil partner or dependant.</li> <li>- An award cannot be made if, in respect of the injury or disease, the employee is entitled to an injury award under a scheme made in accordance with Section 34 of the Fire and Rescue Services Act 2004 or is entitled to injury benefits under regulations made in accordance with section 52 of the Police Act 1996.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- ceases to be employed as a result of an incapacity which is likely to be permanent and which was caused by the injury or disease, or</li> <li>- dies leaving a surviving spouse, civil partner or dependant.</li> </ul>
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